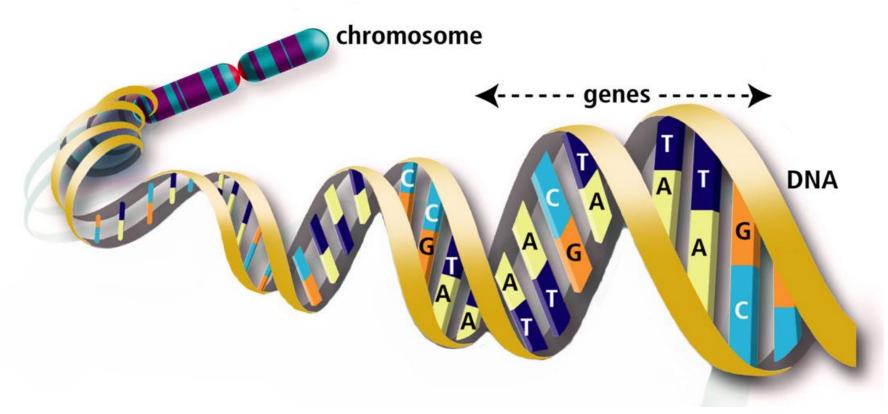


Structure of a DNA Molecule



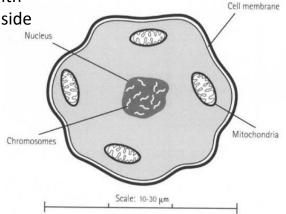
The double helix whereby the two strands of a molecule are held together by bonds between the bases.

Adenine (A) forming a base pair with Thymine (T),

Cytosine (C) forming a base pair with Guanine (G).

Anatomy of a Cell

Nucleus of cell with Chromosomes inside one cell.



The nucleus of a cell contains 23 pairs of DNA-bearing chromosomes that collectively define genetic make-up. The body of the cell (the cytoplasm) also contains several mitochondria, and numerous other organelles.

Mitochondria shown in position outside of the nucleus of the cell.

Mitochondria are inherited through the female line. Although mitochondrial DNA is passed to sons from their mothers, it cannot be passed from the son to his children.

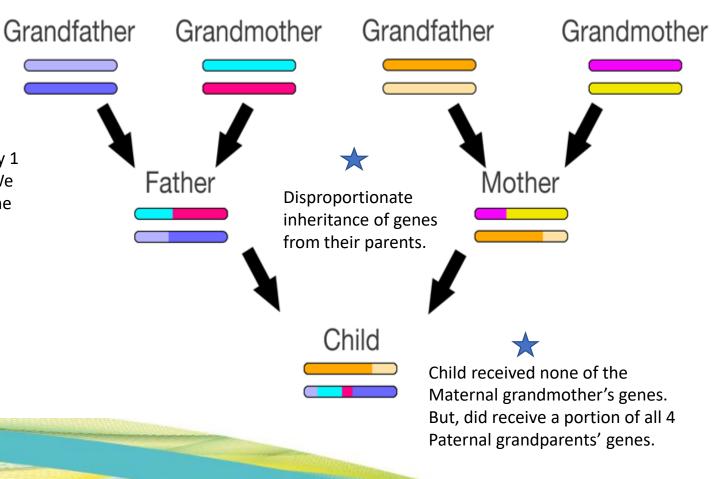
There are 3 billion base pairs of DNA. Chromosome 1 is the longest and Chromosome 22 is the smallest. All the DNA in all your cells put together would be about twice the diameter of the Solar System.

Sex Chromosome 23 showing female double X inheritance and male XY inheritance.

Anatomy of Autosomes 1 to 22 with sex Chromosome 23.

Recombination or Genetic Inheritance

This diagram represents only 1 of your 23 chromosomes. We do not inherit 50% of any one chromosome from our parents, nor they from their parents. You might have an exact copy of one of your parent's chromosomes, and thus you'll get no portion of their other chromosome.



Each parent's genomes are shuffled before they are passed to a child.

You do not inherit the exact same combination of DNA as your siblings, unless you have an identical twin. Fraternal twins will inherit a slightly different combination of DNA.

Your results will look different because the DNA you inherited at conception is unique to you.

Determining Ethnicity

Ancestry uses a reference panel of 500 people for their 'Ireland/Scotland' ethnic category.

A few people with 'stray' ancestors is not going to change the overall picture.

500 is far too small a reference population upon which to make a solid claim of an ethnicity.

23&Me is asking customers who "report" that all four grandparents were born in a certain country to be part of the reference database for that country. No documentation required to prove this claim—just customer say-so.

Great-grandparents could be from anywhere.

Your DNA results are matched to a concentration of recent testers who self report their grandparents as X,Y, and Z.

You may share a large number of genes with people who say their grandparents were Londoners. But, perhaps your grandparents were born in Germany, moved to London, England and identified from that point on as a "Londoner".

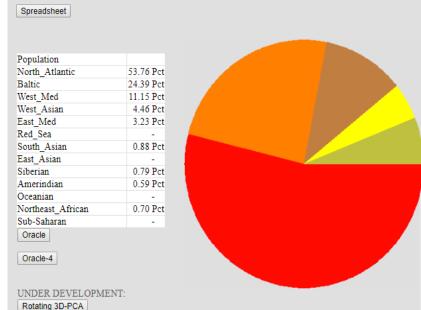
Under this type of result reporting your ethnicity is going to be lumped into "Londoner" and your Germany genetic contribution will go

Ethnicity Comparison – 1 tester, 2 different results

Eurogenes K13 Admixture Proportions

This utility uses the Eurogenes K13 model (rev 21 Nov 2013), created by Davidski (Polako). Questions and comments about this model should be directed to him at his Project Blog. Software Version: Feb 21 2019 04:44:06

Kit Number: PV4445865 Elapsed Time: 13.81 seconds



Note Amerindian in both results 0.59% and 0.34%. I can guarantee there is no North American Indian ancestry. So, therefore, this must be an echo from deep ancestry in the Caucasus region in Central Asia.

Eurogenes EUtest V2 K15 Admixture Proportions

This utility uses the Eurogenes EUtest V2 K15 model, created by Davidski (Polako). Questions and comments about this model should be directed to him at his Project Blog. Software Version: Feb 21 2019 04:44:06

Kit Number: PV4445865 Elapsed Time: 16.29 seconds

Spreadsheet

Oracle-4

Eurogenes K13

North_Atlantic

Distance

2.51

2.81

3.17

3.88

4.16

4.42

4.69

4.92

6.92

7 97

10.04

11.16

14.14

15.25

16.31

16.46

20.74

22.01

22.38

23.02

Baltic

West_Med

East_Med

Single Population Sharing:

Population (source)

West Scottish

North Dutch

Norwegian

Swedish

North German

South Dutch

12 West German

16 East German

18 Spanish Cataluna

19 Southwest Finnish

20 Southwest French

14 French

15 Austrian

17 Hungarian

13 North Swedish

Southeast English

Southwest English

Orcadian

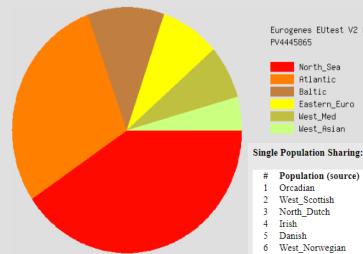
Irish

Danish

West_Asian

PV4445865

Population	
North_Sea	40.62 Pct
Atlantic	28.77 Pct
Baltic	10.86 Pct
Eastern_Euro	8.24 Pct
West_Med	6.95 Pct
West_Asian	2.41 Pct
East_Med	0.54 Pct
Red_Sea	-
South_Asian	0.50 Pct
Southeast_Asian	-
Siberian	0.39 Pct
Amerindian	0.34 Pct
Oceanian	-
Northeast_African	0.37 Pct
Sub-Saharan	_



These are the people in each of the databases to which the tester's DNA is compared to arrive at ethnicity estimates.



4	Irish	4.18
5	Danish	4.58
6	West_Norwegian	4.92
7	Southeast_English	5.2
8	Norwegian	5.83
9	Southwest_English	6.29
10	Swedish	7.39
11	North_German	7.71
12	West_German	10.55
13	South_Dutch	10.91
14	North_Swedish	11.12
15	French	14.92
16	East_German	16.01
17	Southwest_Finnish	17.14
18	Finnish	20.19

Distance

2.66

3.42

3.69

20.48

20.52

Eurogenes EUtest V2 K15

North_Sea

Atlantic

West_Med

Population (source)

Orcadian

2 West Scottish

3 North Dutch

19 Hungarian

20 Austrian

West_Asian

Eastern_Euro

Baltic

PV4445865

Ethnicity Comparison – Child / Mother – all of child's grandparents are British

	Child	FTDNA
European		99%
British Isles		99%
East Europe		0% 👉
Finland 📵		< 1%
Scandinavia		0%
Southeast Europe	:	0%
Iberia		0%
West and Central	Europe	0%

The "i" indicates that this is background noise and not an actual result.

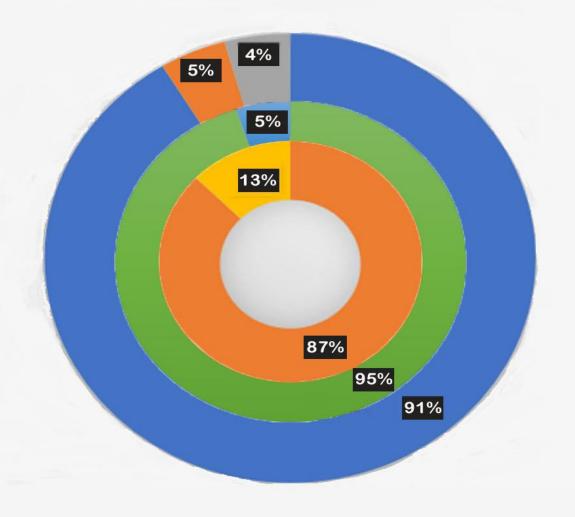
Ethnicity results from My Heritage

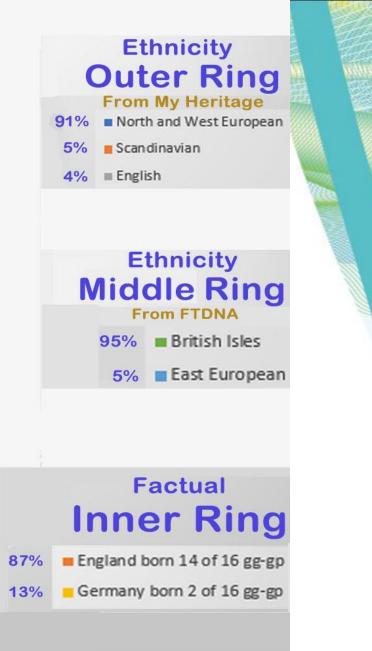


Mother	FTDNA				
European	100%				
British Isles	95%				
East Europe	5% 🔷				
Finland	0%				
Scandinavia	0%				
Southeast Europe	0%				
Iberia	0%				
West and Central Europe	0%				

Note that the East Europe amount was not shared with the child. This indicates that the child did not inherit any of that DNA, skewing match results.

Ethnicity vs. Factual





	Child												
	4 A	В	Alleles	A	В	C All	eles	Е	F	G	Н	I)
DNA Results Comparison	141 rs1153103	1	1415012 AA	141 rs1153103	1	1415012 AA							
	142 rs1153105	1	1415099 CT	142 rs1153105	1	1415099 TT							
	143 rs2862157	1	1418112 AA	143 rs2862157	1	1418112 AA							
Text results of the double	144 rs819980	1	1425700 TT	144 rs819980	1	1425700 TT					Fully ide	ntical	
lext results of the double	145 rs12021879	1	1439671 CC	145 rs12021879	1	1439671 CC					difference		
helix composition of DNA	146 rs6690515	1	1447325 GG	146 rs6690515	1	1447325 GG					no match	VI	
	147 rs6669795	1	1450947 AA	147 rs6669795	1	1450947 AA					half-idention	al	
showing individual RSID*	148 rs10159041	1	1453921	148 rs10159041	1	1453921 TT							
	149 rs3813216	1	1458567	149 rs3813216	1	1458567				-			-
numbers	150 rs3737714 151 rs12032637	1	1458954 1465382 AA	150 rs3737714	1	1458954							-
	151 (\$12032037 152 rs3118505	1	1472047 CC	151 rs12032637 152 rs3118505	1	1465382 AA 1472047 CT							
	153 rs9782908	1	1472201 CC	153 rs9782908	1	1472201 CC							
Section of Chromosome 1	154 rs1571149	1	1474167 AG	154 rs1571149	1	1474167 AA							
	155 rs7290	1	1477244 CT	155 rs7290	1	1477244 TT							
	156 rs11807706	1	1477660 AA	156 rs11807706	1	1477660 AA							
*The rs number i s an	157 rs3766180	1	1478153 CT	157 rs3766180	1	1478153 TT							
The is number is an	158 rs7533	1	1479333	158 rs7533	1	1479333							
accession number used by	159 rs2031709	1	1485984 CC	159 rs2031709	1	1485984 CC							
	160 rs7531530	1	1489670 CT	160 rs7531530	1	1489670 CC							
researchers and	161 rs880051	1	1493727 AG	161 rs880051	1	1493727 GG							
alata harranta mafamilia	162 rs2296716	1	1497824 CT	162 rs2296716	1	1497824 CC							
databases to refer to	163 rs9439468	1	1499298 AG	163 rs9439468	1	1499298 AA							
specific SNPs. It stands for	164 rs7519837	1	1510801 CC	164 rs7519837	1	1510801 CC							
specific sives. It stallus for		1	1519068 AC	165 rs6687029	1	1519068 AC							-
Reference SNP cluster ID.	166 rs6604983	1	1521595 AA	166 rs6604983	1	1521595 AA							-
	167 rs28430872	1	1549605 CC	167 rs28430872	1	1549605 CC							
The rsid numbers are	168 rs12748433 169 rs28635343	1	1559971 CT 1560103 CC	168 rs12748433	1	1559971 TT							
used for CNDs in	170 rs28464684	1	1566160 CT	169 rs28635343 170 rs28464684	1	1560103 CC 1566160 CC							
used for SNPs in	171 rs28456011	1	1567206 GG	171 rs28456011	1	1567206 AG							
diagnosing health and	172 rs35154105	1	1598908 TT	172 rs35154105	1	1598908 TT							
	173 rs28707307	1	1610809 AA	173 rs28707307	1	1610809 AA							
inherited traits.	174 rs28487995	1	1619541 AG	174 rs28487995	1	1619541 AG							
FV. Ch. 4 CND 2002CC04	175 rs35261312	1	1627987 CC	175 rs35261312	1	1627987 CC							
EX: Chr. 1 SNP rs28936694	176 rs760925	1	1646574 GG	176 rs760925	1	1646574 GG							
Is one of many associated	177 rs909823	1	1647686 CC	177 rs909823	1	1647686							
is one of many associated	178 rs3817856	1	1663831 CT	178 rs3817856	1	1663831 CC							
with Glaucoma MYOC	179 rs2294488	1	1664019	179 rs2294488	1	1664019 CC							
	180 rs2294489	1	1664124	180 rs2294489	1	1664124							
gene.	181 rs1014988	1	1680219	181 rs1014988	1	1680219							-
A Section of the sect	182 rs7407	1	1684472 TT	182 rs7407	1	1684472 TT							

Thank you to all of you wonderful attendees for joining us, today.

A special "Thank You" to
One World - One Family 2019 and
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Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints
for making this workshop possible.